PAI
Personality Assessment Inventory

Populations & Use
- 18+ years old
- Native English speaker
- 4th grade or above reading level
- Screening for psychopathology
- Treatment planning
- Diagnosis

What the hell is a T-score?
- A means of converting different raw scores to comparable, easily interpreted scores
- Mean = 50, SD = ±10
- 84% will have a score below 60, 98% below 70
Validity Scales

- **ICN (Inconsistency)**
  - >65 indicates inconsistent answering and invalid profile

- **INF (Infrequency)**
  - <60 is great, 61-74 shows some oddity, >75 is invalid

Validity Scales

- **NIM (Negative Impression)**
  - <73 is great, 73-91 is exaggeration, ≥92 is presenting extremely negative view of self

- **PIM (Positive Impression)**
  - <57 is great, 57-67 is slight exaggeration, ≥68 is presenting very positive/inflated view of self

Clinical Scales

- Purpose of clinical scales is to assist in diagnosis of psychopathology

- Maps well onto current DSM-IV-TR criteria
Clinical Scales

For all scales:
- 59 or less – Average score
- 60-69 – Mild Elevation
- 70-85ish – Moderate Elevation
- 86(ish)+ - Marked Elevation

Clinical Scales

- SOM (Somatic Complaints)
  - SOM-C (Conversion)
  - SOM-S (Somatization)
  - SOM-H (Health Concerns)
- ANX (Anxiety)
  - ANX-C (Cognitive)
  - ANX-A (Affective)
  - ANX-P (Physiological)

Clinical Scales

- ARD (Anxiety-related Disorders)
  - ARD-O (OCD)
  - ARD-P (Phobias)
  - ARD-T (Traumatic Stress)
- DEP (Depression)
  - DEP-C (Cognitive)
  - DEP-A (Affective)
  - DEP-P (Physiological)
Clinical Scales

- MAN (Mania)
  - MAN-A (Activity Level)
  - MAN-G (Grandiosity)
  - MAN-I (Irritability)
- PAR (Paranoia)
  - PAR-H (Hypervigilance)
  - PAR-P (Persecution)
  - PAR-R (Resentment)

Clinical Scales

- SCZ (Schizophrenia)
  - SCZ-P (Psychotic Experiences)
  - SCZ-S (Social Detachment)
  - SCZ-T (Thought Disorder)

Clinical Scales

- BOR (Borderline features)
  - BOR-A (Affective Instability)
  - BOR-I (Identity Problems)
  - BOR-N (Negative Relationships)
  - BOR-S (Self-harm)
### Clinical Scales
- ANT (Antisocial features)
  - ANT-A (Antisocial Behaviors)
  - ANT-E (Egocentricity)
  - ANT-S (Stimulus seeking)
- ALC (Alcohol Problems)
- DRG (Drug Problems)

### Treatment Consideration Scales
- Provide indices of factors deemed important to success in therapy
- Variable interpretation of T-scores for each TC scale

### Treatment Consideration Scales
- AGG (Aggression)
- SUI (Suicidal Ideation)
- STR (Stress)
- NON (Nonsupport)
- RXR (Treatment Rejection)
Interpersonal Scales

- Indicator of how person interacts with others

- DOM (Dominance)

- WRM (Warmth)